<u>Dividing fractions</u> Keep, flip, change	Area of a Triangle  base x height 2	<u>Volume of a Prism</u> <i>Areα of cross section x length</i>	$\underline{\sin \mathbf{x}} = \frac{opp}{hyp}$	Geometric Sequence Term to term rule is multiplying or dividing by the same number
What is a multiple? In the times table of a number	Area of a Circle $\pi r^2$	$\frac{\text{Pressure, force, area}}{\text{pressure}} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$	$\underline{\operatorname{Cos}\mathbf{x}} = \frac{adj}{hyp}$	Arithmetic Sequence Term to term rule is adding or subtracting the same number
What is a factor? Divides exactly into a number	Circumference of a Circle $\pi d$ or $2\pi r$	$\frac{\frac{\text{Percentage Change}}{\text{difference}}}{\frac{\text{original}}{\text{original}}} \times 100$	$\underline{Tanx} = \frac{opp}{adj}$	Adding and Subtracting fractions Find a common denominator
Product means  Multiplying numbers	$\frac{\text{Area of a Trapezium}}{\frac{(a+b)}{2}} \times h$	How many ml in a litre?	$\frac{\text{Speed, distance, time}}{\text{speed}} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$	<ul> <li>3 Rules of Bearings</li> <li>3 digits</li> <li>Clockwise direction</li> <li>North line</li> </ul>
Sum means Adding numbers	Prime Number A number which has exactly 2 factors, 1 and itself.	Area of a Parallelogram base x height	$\frac{\text{Density, mass, volume}}{\text{density}} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$	$\frac{\text{Index Law}}{y^0 = 1}$ Anything to the power of 0 is 1
Finding the Mode  Most common number/s	$\underline{Tan60} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{1}} = \sqrt{3}$	Fibonacci Sequence The next number is found by adding up the two numbers before it.	First 5 square numbers 1, 4, 9, 16, 25	How many cm in a m?
First 5 prime numbers 2, 3, 5, 7, 11	<u>First 5 cube numbers</u> 1, 8, 27, 64, 125	First 5 triangle numbers 1, 3, 6, 10, 15	$\underline{\cos 30} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\text{Sin } 45}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
		1, 3, 0, 10, 13	2	<u>3111 43 -</u> 2
How to find the Median  Order them and find the middle number	How to find the Range  Biggest - smallest	How to find the Mean  Add them and divide by how many numbers there are	What do we know if 2 lines are parallel?  Same gradient	What do we know if 2 lines are perpendicular?  Gradient is the negative reciprocal
Order them and find the middle		How to find the Mean  Add them and divide by how many	What do we know if 2 lines are parallel?	What do we know if 2 lines are perpendicular?